

LOS



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SEKUNDAR

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Hallo! Ich heie Knut. Ich stehe meistens um 7 Uhr auf. Ich frhstcke gegen halb acht. Ich esse gern Honig zum Frhstck. Dann spiele ich mit den anderen Bren im Zoo. Ich habe viele Freunde. Um 12 Uhr bekommen wir das Mittagessen. Ich esse Fisch zum Mittagessen. Ich trinke gern Wasser. Am Wochenende kommen viele Kinder in den Zoo, um mich zu besuchen. Am Abend ist es dunkel im Zoo und ich gehe in unser kleines Haus. Ich unterhalte mich mit meinen Freunden und dann schlafe ich.



WAS ISST MAN IN DEUTSCHLAND?



If you ask people what they think is a typical German dish most of them would probably answer: sausages. And in fact, Germany is known for its sausages all over the world! There exist more than 1,500 kinds of different sausages and each region is associated with its own specialty: the **THUERINGER ROSTBRATWURST** - a sausage from the state of Thuringia popular for summer barbeques; the Bavarian **WEISSWURST** - a white sausage boiled in water and eaten with sweet mustard; the **CURRYWURST** - consisting of hot pork sausage cut into slices and seasoned with curry sauce, which is the most famous fast food in Berlin. In fact, this year a museum entirely dedicated to the **CURRYWURST** (Deutsches Currywurst Museum Berlin) will be opened. Another food item, of which Germany produces a very wide range, is bread! At the bakery shop you will find on average 20 or 30 different types of bread and all over Germany there exist about 500 different types, ranging from **WEIZENBROT** (white rye), to **MISCHBROT** (made from wheat and rye), to the very popular **SCHWARZBROT** (dark rye). For Germans, bread is very important and it is their main food at breakfast and dinner (**AbendBROT**). On the other hand, Germans do not eat bread with a cooked meal. For lunch Germans prefer a potato based dish usually prepared with some meat and vegetables. Potatoes can be fried (**BRATKARTOFFEL**), peeled and boiled (**SALZKARTOFFELN**), boiled with skin (**PELLKARTOFFELN**), or baked and stuffed with different fillings (**OFENKARTOFFEL**). The love for potatoes is also reflected in a highly popular restaurant chain - the **KARTOFFELHAUS** - restaurants, which offer a very wide range of dishes based on potatoes!



Seasonal fruit or vegetables also play an important part in the German food calendar. Each year between mid-May and the 24th of June, Germany celebrates the traditional **SPARGELZEIT** (period of white asparagus), which is harvested during this time. Restaurants offer **SPARGEL** prepared in all variations and along the country roads one would find many farmers selling their harvest. Since **SPARGEL** is hardly available during the rest of the year, people try to eat it as often as possible during **SPARGELZEIT**. A little bit later, in June until July, Germans consume large amounts of **ERDBEEREN** (strawberries), which are in season during this time. Again restaurants will base entire menus on **ERDBEEREN**, villages will organise **ERDBEERFESTE** (strawberry feasts) and everyone is invited to pick his own strawberries against a charge, from one of the many **ERDBEERFELDER** (strawberry fields).



DIE LANDKARTE

Write down the numbers in the white boxes on the map below of these places found in the state of Schleswig - Holstein and in the city state of Hamburg:

Schleswig-Holstein is one of the 16 states of Germany. It is the northernmost state and it faces the North Sea on its western coast and the Baltic Sea on its eastern coast. The Kiel canal connects the North Sea and the Baltic Sea. The largest city is Kiel with 250,000 inhabitants. On the western coast are the North Frisian Islands. Germany's only high-sea island Helligoland is situated further out in the North Sea. The longest river of Schleswig-Holstein is the River Eider.

Hamburg to the south of Schleswig-Holstein is a city but it is also a state. Hamburg is the second-largest city in Germany (after Berlin) and has the second-largest port in Europe. The city is home to approximately 1.8 million inhabitants.



1. Husum
(the birthplace of author Theodor Storm)

2. Kiel
(famous for its regatta and its canal)

3. Lübeck
(famous for its marzipan sweets and city gate)

4. Hamburg
(a city and a state with a big harbour)

5. Helligoland
(a car free island in the North Sea)

6. Schleswig
(famous for its cathedral)

7. Fehmarn
(the largest island connected with a bridge)

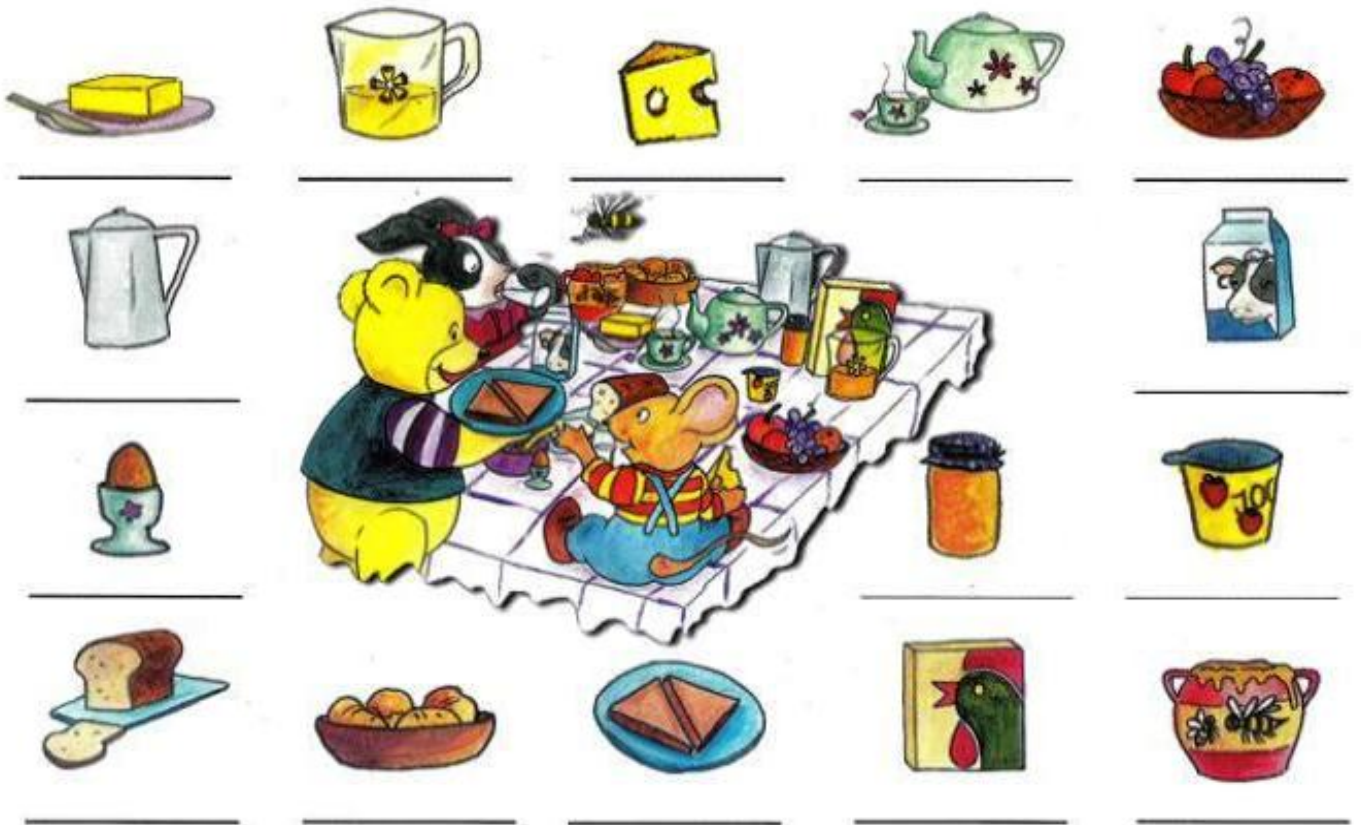
8. Holsteinische Schweiz
(a large animal park)

9. Travemünde Beach
(with roofed beach chairs)

10. Klein-Kollmar
(famous for its windmills.)

FRÜHSTÜCKSTISCH

Knut is having breakfast with two of his friends. Can you write down the names (in German) of these items that are on the breakfast table?



TRENNBARE VERBEN



einkaufen



ein kaufen



kaufen....

ein

Beispiel: Ich **kaufe** in Supermarkt ein.

1. Jan _____ am Samstagmorgen das Zimmer _____. (**aufräumen**)
2. Wann _____ du _____? (**fernsehen**)
3. Jeden Tag _____ ich im Supermarkt _____. (**einkaufen**)
4. Kurz vor 11 _____ Laura ihre Mutter _____. (**anrufen**)
5. Wir _____ am Morgen um halb sieben _____. (**aufstehen**)
6. Die Lehrerin _____ die Tür _____. (**aufmachen**)

PLATZ 2 = VERB



Now, fill in the blanks with the words below:

Hallo, _____ heiße Rosi. Ich kann gut kochen. Manchmal _____ ich _____ Wochenende für die ganze Familie. Leider esse ich auch sehr _____. Deshalb bin ich ziemlich dick. Meine _____ sagen, ich muss viel Fisch, Obst und _____ essen und Wasser _____. Aber ich mag lieber Fleisch, Kuchen, Eis und Cola.

ich - koche - trinken - Gemüse - am - Eltern - gern



INTERVIEW



Hallo! Ich heiße Lukas Podolski, aber mein Spitzname ist Poldi. Ich komme aus Polen. Ich lebe in Deutschland und wohne in Bergheim bei Köln. Ich spreche Polnisch, Deutsch und Englisch. Ich bin 23 Jahre alt und habe am 4. Juni Geburtstag. Meine Hobbys sind PC, Basketball, und Familie und Freunde treffen. Meine besten Freunde sind Bastian Schweinsteiger und Miroslav Klose. Ich spiele Fußball beim FC Bayern München. Mein Lieblingessen ist Soljanka. Das ist eine Suppe aus Polen. Ich trinke keinen Alkohol.

Ich bin Christina Klein aka LaFee. Ich bin 18 Jahre alt und mein Geburtstag ist am 9. Dezember. Ich bin Pop-Rock-Sängerin. Meine neueste Single heißt Ring Frei. Ich wohne mit meinen Eltern und mit meinem Bruder Andreas in Aachen (Stolberg). Ich komme aus Deutschland, aber meine Mutter kommt aus Griechenland. Ich spreche Deutsch, Griechisch und Englisch. Meine Hobbys sind Filme anschauen, Tanzen, Singen, Lesen, Schwimmen, Inlineskaten und Fitness. Meine besten Freundinnen sind Lulu Connor und Steffi Dreyer. Ich trinke gern Cola, Wasser und Apfelschorle. Mein Lieblingessen ist Trachana (Griechische Brotsuppe).




AM TISCH





**GERMAN-MALTESE CIRCLE
COMPETITION
"LOS" SEKUNDAR - MAGAZINE FOR SCHOOLCHILDREN**


**Participate and win
First 10 correct entries opened
will get a copy of the book
"Facts about Germany"**


Competition is open ONLY to children in Forms 1 & 2 learning German at School


1. 


2. 

3. 

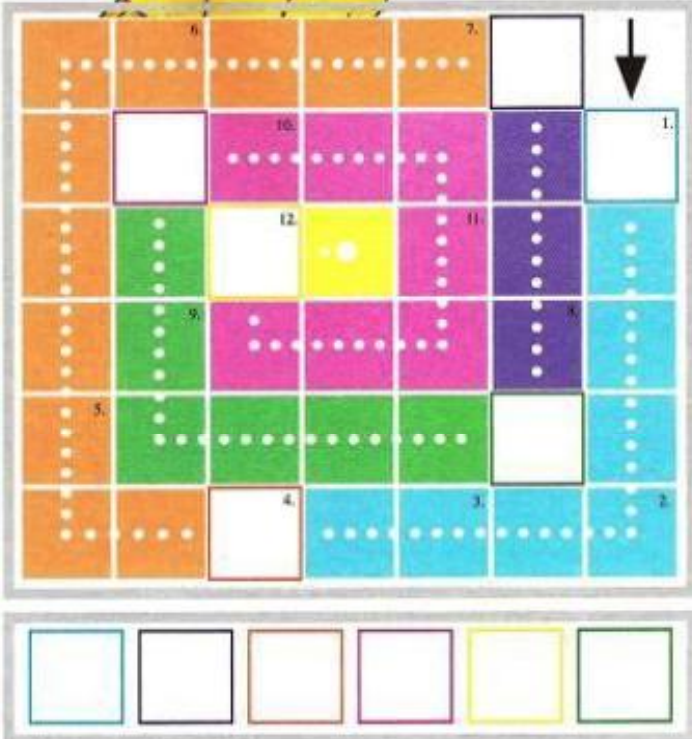
4. 


5. 


6. 





Start from 1. and follow the dots...





12. 

11. 

10. 

9. 

8. 

7. 

To participate: For each of these 12 pictures, write down the word in **GERMAN** in the relative box. Then, transfer the letter in each coloured box to the box with the same colour at the bottom. You should form another word in German. Knut likes to drink this a lot. Afterwards, fill in the information below and send this sheet **ONLY** to:

The German-Maltese Circle, P.O.Box 58, Valletta

Closing Date: 30th April 2009

The winners will be drawn by lot. The decision of the German-Maltese Circle is final and binding

Write in block letters:

Name in full: _____

Address: _____

School: _____

Class: _____ Age: _____ Home or Mobile Tel. No.: _____

Data submitted may be used by the German-Maltese Circle in the promotion of its aims and activities.